FOR YOUR SAFETY
Do Not Store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
### NOTICE

IF, DURING THE WARRANTY PERIOD, THE CUSTOMER USES A PART FOR THIS FRYMASTER DEAN EQUIPMENT OTHER THAN AN UNMODIFIED NEW OR RECYCLED PART PURCHASED DIRECTLY FROM FRYMASTER DEAN, OR ANY OF ITS FACTORY AUTHORIZED SERVICERS, AND/OR THE PART BEING USED IS MODIFIED FROM ITS ORIGINAL CONFIGURATION, THIS WARRANTY WILL BE VOID. FURTHER, FRYMASTER DEAN AND ITS AFFILIATES WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIMS, DAMAGES OR EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE CUSTOMER WHICH ARISE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, DUE TO THE INSTALLATION OF ANY MODIFIED PART AND/OR PART RECEIVED FROM AN UNAUTHORIZED SERVICER.

### NOTICE

This appliance is intended for professional use only and is to be operated by qualified personnel only. A Frymaster Authorized Servicer (FAS) or other qualified professional should perform installation, maintenance, and repairs. Installation, maintenance, or repairs by unqualified personnel may void the manufacturer's warranty. See Chapter 1 of this manual for definitions of qualified personnel.

### NOTICE

This equipment must be installed in accordance with the appropriate national and local codes of the country and/or region in which the appliance is installed. See NATIONAL CODE REQUIREMENTS in Chapter 2 of this manual for specifics.

### NOTICE TO U.S. CUSTOMERS

This equipment is to be installed in compliance with the basic plumbing code of the Building Officials and Code Administrators International, Inc. (BOCA) and the Food Service Sanitation Manual of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

### NOTICE

This appliance is intended to be used for commercial applications, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, butcheries, etc., but not for continuous mass production of food.

### NOTICE

Drawings and photos used in this manual are intended to illustrate operational, cleaning and technical procedures and may not conform to onsite management operational procedures.

### NOTICE TO OWNERS OF UNITS EQUIPPED WITH TOUCH SCREEN CONTROLLERS

**U.S.**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. While this device is a verified Class A device, it has been shown to meet the Class B limits.

**CANADA**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A or B limits for radio noise emissions as set out by the ICES-003 standard of the Canadian Department of Communications. Cet appareil numerique n'émet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassany les limites de classe A et B prescrives dans la norme NMB-003 edictee par le Ministre des Communications du Canada.

### DANGER

When installed, this appliance must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, the Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.2, or the appropriate national code of the country in which installed.
WARNING
The appliance must be installed and used in such a way that any water cannot contact the fat or oil.

DANGER
Improper installation, adjustment, maintenance or service, and unauthorized alterations or modifications can cause property damage, injury, or death. Read the installation, operating, and service instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

DANGER
The front ledge of this appliance is not a step! Do not stand on the appliance. Serious injury can result from slips or contact with the hot oil.

DANGER
The crumb tray in fryers equipped with a filter system must be emptied into a fireproof container at the end of frying operations each day. Some food particles can spontaneously combust if left soaking in certain shortening material.

WARNING
Do not bang fry baskets or other utensils on the fryer's joiner strip. The strip is present to seal the joint between the fry vessels. Banging fry baskets on the strip to dislodge shortening will distort the strip, adversely affecting its fit. It is designed for a tight fit and should only be removed for cleaning.

DANGER
Adequate means must be provided to limit the movement of this appliance without depending on or transmitting stress to the electrical conduit. A restraint kit is provided with the fryer. If the restraint kit is missing contact your local KES.

DANGER
This fryer has a power cord (three-phase) for each frypot and may have a single five-wire cord for the entire system. Prior to movement, testing, maintenance and any repair on your Frymaster fryer; disconnect ALL electrical power cords from the electrical power supply.

DANGER
Keep all items out of drains. Closing actuators may cause damage or injury.

WARNING
This appliance is not intended for use by children under the age of 16 or persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Do not allow children to play with this appliance.

WARNING
To ensure the safe and efficient operation of the fryer and hood, the electrical plug for the 120-volt line, which powers the hood, must be fully engaged and locked in its pin and sleeve socket.

NOTICE
The instructions in this manual for using a bulk oil system for filling and discarding oil are for an RTI system. These instructions may not be applicable to other bulk oil systems.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DANGER</th>
<th>This appliance must be connected to a power supply having the same voltage and phase as specified on the rating plate located on the inside of the appliance door.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WARNING</td>
<td>Use caution and wear appropriate safety equipment to avoid contact with hot oil or surfaces that may cause severe burns or injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DANGER</td>
<td>Do not spray aerosols in the vicinity of this appliance while it is in operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DANGER</td>
<td>No structural material on the fryer should be altered or removed to accommodate placement of the fryer under a hood. Questions? Call the Frymaster Dean Service Hotline at 1-800-551-8633.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING</td>
<td>Do not block the area around the base or under the fryers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING</td>
<td>Do not use water jets to clean this equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING</td>
<td>Operation, installation, and servicing of this product may expose you to chemicals/products including [Bisphenol A (BPA), glass wool or ceramic fibers, and crystalline silica], which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <a href="http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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LOV-T™ ELECTRIC WARRANTY STATEMENT

Frymaster, L.L.C. makes the following limited warranties to the original purchaser only for this equipment and replacement parts:

A. WARRANTY PROVISIONS - FRYERS

1. Frymaster L.L.C. warrants all components against defects in material and workmanship for a period of two years.

2. All parts, with the exception of the frypot, O-rings and fuses, are warranted for two years after installation date of fryer.

3. If any parts, except fuses and filter O-rings, become defective during the first two years after installation date, Frymaster will also pay straight-time labor costs up to two hours to replace the part, plus up to 100 miles/160 km of travel (50 miles/80 km each way).

B. WARRANTY PROVISIONS - FRYPOTS

The frypot has a lifetime parts and labor warranty. If a frypot develops a leak after installation, Frymaster will replace the frypot, allowing up to the maximum time per the Frymaster time allowance chart hours of straight-time labor. Components attached to the frypot, such as the high-limit, probe, gaskets, seals, and related fasteners, are also covered by the lifetime warranty if replacement is necessitated by the frypot replacement. Leaks due to abuse or from threaded fittings such as probes, sensors, high-limits, drain valves or return piping are not included.

C. WARRANTY PROVISIONS – EASY TOUCH – TOUCH SCREEN CONTROLLER

Frymaster L.L.C. warrants the Easy Touch - Touch Screen Controllers against defective material or workmanship for a period of three years parts and labor from the original installation date.

D. PARTS RETURN

All defective in-warranty parts must be returned to a Frymaster Authorized Servicer within 60 days for credit. After 60 days, no credit will be allowed.

E. WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS

This warranty does not cover equipment that has been damaged due to misuse, abuse, alteration, or accident such as:

- improper or unauthorized repair (including any frypot which is welded in the field);
- failure to follow proper installation instructions and/or scheduled maintenance procedures as prescribed in your MRC cards. Proof of scheduled maintenance is required to maintain the warranty;
- improper maintenance;
- damage in shipment;
- abnormal use;
- removal, alteration, or obliteration of either the rating plate or the date code on the heating elements;
- operating the frypot without shortening or other liquid in the frypot;
- no fryer will be warranted for which a proper start-up form has not been received.

This warranty also does not cover:

- transportation or travel over 100 miles/160 km (50 miles/80 km each way), or travel over two hours;
- overtime or holiday charges;
- consequential damages (the cost of repairing or replacing other property which is damaged), loss of time, profits, use or any other incidental damages of any kind.

There are no implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular use or purpose.

This warranty is applicable at the time of this printing and is subject to change.

### ELECTRICAL POWER SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VOLTAGE</th>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>WIRE SERVICE</th>
<th>MIN. SIZE</th>
<th>AWG (mm²)</th>
<th>AMPS PER LEG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>L1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>480</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220/380</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240/415</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/400</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BIELA14-T SERIES GEN III LOV™ ELECTRIC FRYERS
CHAPTER 1: SERVICE PROCEDURES

1.1 M4000 Menu Summary Trees

1.1.1 M4000 Menu Tree

Reflected below are the major programming sections in the M4000 and the order in which the headings will be found in the controller.

Filtration Menu
- Auto Filtration
- Maintenance Filter (with OQS – OQS Only)
- OQS Filter (OQS Only)
- Dispose Oil
- Drain Oil
- Fill Vat from Drain Pan
- Fill Vat from Bulk (Bulk Only)
- Oil Pan to Waste (Bulk Only)
- Deep Clean

Home Button
- Crew Mode (Cooking Mode)
- Menus (1234)
- Recipes (1234)
- Create New
- Product Name
- Temp
- Cook Time
- Load Size
- Quality Timer
- Shake 1
- Shake 2
- Filter

Settings
- Manager (1234)
- Language
- Primary
- Secondary
- Date & Time (Set Time, Set Date, DST Setup)
- F° to C°/ C° to F° (Toggles Temperature Scale)
- Sound
- Volume
- Tone
- Filter Attributes
- Filter After (Cooks)
- Filter Time (Hours)
- Filter Lockout
- Filtration Lockout Time
- Energy Savings (Enabled, Temperature, Time)
- Lane Assignments (# of Baskets)
- Brightness
- Screen Saver

Service (1650)
- Manager (4321)
- E-Log
- Passcode Setup
- USB Menu Operation
- Copy Menu from USB to Fryer
- Copy Menu from Fryer to USB
- Service (1650)
- Manual Filtration
- Password Reset
- Tech Modes
- Resets
- Factory Menu (Resets Product Recipes)
- Bad CRC (Resets Alert)
- Recovery Fault Call Service (Resets Alert)
- Reset Factory Default (Resets to Factory Default)
- Reset OQS Sensor
- Filter Pad Time Setup
- Clear Statistics
- Filter Stats Data (Clears Filter Stats)
- E-Log (Clears E-Log Errors)
- Software Upgrade
- Vat Tuning (Engineering only)
- Component Check (9000)
- FIB Reset 1
- FIB Reset 2
- Crew
- Hi-Limit Test
1.1.2 M4000 Information Statistics Menu Tree

Reflected below are the information statistics in the M4000 and the order in which the headings will be found in the controller.

Information Statistics

Filter
  1. Current Day and Date
  2. Cooks Remaining Until Next Filter
  3. Daily Number of Cooks
  4. Daily Number of Filters
  5. Daily Number of Skipped Filters
  6. Average Cooks Per Filter
  7. Filtration

Oil
  1. Last Dispose Date
  2. Cooks Since Last Dispose
  3. Filters Since Last Dispose
  4. Skipped Filters Since Last Dispose
  5. Current Oil Life
  6. Average Cooks Over Oil Life

Life
  1. Commission Date
  2. Unit Serial Number
  3. Controller Serial Number
  4. Total On Time (Hours)
  5. Total Heat Cycle Count

Usage
  1. Usage Start Date
  2. Total Number of Cook Cycles
  3. Total Number of Quit Cook Cycles
  4. Total Vat On Time (Hours)

Recovery
  1. Last Recovery Time

Last Load
  1. Last Cooked Product
  2. Last Load Start Time
  3. Last Load Cook Time
  4. Last Load Program Time
  5. Last Load Max Vat Temp
  6. Last Load Min Vat Temp
  7. Last Load Avg Vat Temp
  8. % of Cook Time, Heat Is On
  9. Vat Temp Before Cook Starts

Software Version
  1. UIB Software Version
  2. SIB Software Version (1, 2 – Splits)
  3. VIB Software Version
  4. FIB Software Version
  5. OQS Software Version
  6. Actual Vat Temp (L, R – Splits)
  7. AIF RTD Temp (L, R – Splits)
  8. ATO RTD Temp (L, R – Splits)
  9. Board ID
  10. Gateway Software Version
  11. Gateway IP Address
  12. Gateway Link Quality
  13. Gateway Signal Strength and Noise

Reset (Resets Usage Data 4321)

Fresh Oil
  1. Number of Cooks Since Last Dispose
  2. Dispose Count Since Last Reset
  3. Fresh Oil Counter Reset Date
  4. Fresh Oil Counter

Fresh Oil Reset (Resets Fresh Oil Data 4321)

TPM Statistics
1.2 M4000 Password Codes
Press the HOME button to enter MENUS, RECIPES, SETTINGS or SERVICE menus.
- 1234 – MENUS, RECIPES, SETTINGS (MANAGER)
- 4321 – SERVICE (MANAGER)
- 1650 – SETTINGS (SERVICE), SERVICE (SERVICE) Enter Tech Mode
- 9000 – Component Check [SETTINGS (SERVICE), SERVICE (SERVICE) Enter Tech Mode]

The following code is entered when prompted to do so.
- 1111 – Reset SERVICE REQUIRED Message – Enter when the issue is fixed and prompted to enter code.

1.3 Service Required Errors
A SERVICE REQUIRED error with a description of the error displays on the controller. After YES is pressed the alarm is silenced. The controller displays an error message from the list below three times with the location of the error. Then the controller displays SYSTEM ERROR FIXED? YES/NO. If yes is chosen, enter code 1111. If NO is chosen, the system returns to cook mode if possible for 15 minutes, then redisplays error until issue is fixed.

1.4 Error Log Codes
To access the error log, press the home button. Press the service button. Press the manager button. Enter 4321 and press the check button. Press the E-log button. The ten most recent errors are listed from top to bottom, with the top error being the most recent error. A “G” indicates a global error such as a filtration error. Side specific errors in split vats are indicated by L for left or R for right. Pressing the left down arrow allows scrolling through the errors. If no errors are present the screen will be blank.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>ERROR MESSAGE</th>
<th>EXPLANATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E13</td>
<td>TEMPERATURE PROBE FAILURE</td>
<td>TEMP Probe reading out of range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E16</td>
<td>HIGH LIMIT 1 EXCEEDED</td>
<td>High limit temperature is past more than 410°F (210°C), or in CE countries, 395°F (202°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E17</td>
<td>HIGH LIMIT 2 EXCEEDED</td>
<td>High limit switch has opened.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E18</td>
<td>HIGH LIMIT PROBLEM DISCONNECT POWER</td>
<td>Vat temperature exceeds 460°F (238°C) and the high limit has failed to open. Immediately disconnect power to the fryer and call service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E25</td>
<td>HEATING FAILURE - BLOWER</td>
<td>The air pressure switch(s) failed to close.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E27</td>
<td>HEATING FAILURE - PRESSURE SWITCH - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>The air pressure switch has failed closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E28</td>
<td>HEATING FAILURE – XXX F or XXX C</td>
<td>The fryer has failed to ignite and has locked out the ignition module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E29</td>
<td>TOP OFF PROBE FAILURE - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>ATO RTD reading out of range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E32</td>
<td>DRAIN VALVE NOT OPEN - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Drain valve was trying to open and confirmation is missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E33</td>
<td>DRAIN VALVE NOT CLOSED - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Drain valve was trying to close and confirmation is missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E34</td>
<td>RETURN VALVE NOT OPEN - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Return valve was trying to open and confirmation is missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E35</td>
<td>RETURN VALVE NOT CLOSED - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Return valve was trying to close and confirmation is missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E36</td>
<td>VALVE INTERFACE BOARD FAILURE - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Valve Interface Board connections lost or board failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>ERROR MESSAGE</td>
<td>EXPLANATION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E37</td>
<td>AUTOMATIC INTERMITTENT FILTRATION PROBE FAILURE - FILTRATION DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>AIF (VIB Probe) RTD reading out of range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E39</td>
<td>CHANGE FILTER PAD</td>
<td>25-hour timer has expired or dirty filter logic has activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E41</td>
<td>OIL IN PAN ERROR</td>
<td>The system detects that oil may be present in the filter pan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E42</td>
<td>CLOGGED DRAIN</td>
<td>Vat did not empty during filtration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E43</td>
<td>OIL SENSOR FAILURE - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Oil level sensor may have failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E44</td>
<td>RECOVERY FAULT</td>
<td>Recovery time exceeded maximum time limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E45</td>
<td>RECOVERY FAULT - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Recovery time exceeded maximum time limit for two or more cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reset the error code by going to: HOME -&gt; SERVICE -&gt; SERVICE - &gt;1650-&gt; TECH MODE -&gt; RESETS -&gt; RECOVERY FAULT CALL SERVICE -&gt; YES.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E46</td>
<td>SYSTEM INTERFACE BOARD 1 MISSING - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>SIB board 1 connection lost or board failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E51</td>
<td>DUPLICATE BOARD ID - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Two or more controllers have the same location ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E52</td>
<td>USER INTERFACE CONTROLLER ERROR - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>The controller has an unknown error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E53</td>
<td>CAN BUS ERROR - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Communications are lost between boards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E55</td>
<td>SYSTEM INTERFACE BOARD 2 MISSING - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>SIB board 2 connection lost or board failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E62</td>
<td>SLOW HEATING FAILURE XXXF OR XXXC - CHECK ENERGY SOURCE - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>The vat is not heating properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E63</td>
<td>RATE OF RISE</td>
<td>Rate of rise error occurred during a recovery test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E64</td>
<td>FILTRATION INTERFACE BOARD FAILURE - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Filtration Interface Board connections lost or board failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E65</td>
<td>CLEAN OIB SENSOR - XXX F OR XXX C - CALL SERVICE OR OIL LEVEL NOT DETECTED</td>
<td>Gas -The oil is back sensor does not detect oil. Ensure the vat is full of oil and it's above the sensor and press X (NO). Press √ (YES) to clean the oil sensor (see section 6.6.2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E66</td>
<td>DRAIN VALVE OPEN - XXXF OR XXXC</td>
<td>Drain valve is opened during cooking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E67</td>
<td>SYSTEM INTERFACE BOARD NOT CONFIGURED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>Controller is turned on when the SIB board is not configured.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E68</td>
<td>OIB FUSE TRIPPED - CALL SERVICE</td>
<td>The VIB board OIB fuse has tripped and didn't reset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E69</td>
<td>RECIPES NOT AVAILABLE</td>
<td>The controller has not been programmed with product recipes. Replace controller with factory programmed controller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E70</td>
<td>OQS TEMP HIGH</td>
<td>Oil temperature is too high for a valid OQS reading. Filter at a temperature between 300°F (149°C) and 375°F (191°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E71</td>
<td>OQS TEMP LOW</td>
<td>Oil temperature is too low for a valid OQS reading. Filter at a temperature between 300°F (149°C) and 375°F (191°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E72</td>
<td>TPM RANGE LOW</td>
<td>The TPM is too low for a valid OQS reading. This may also be seen with fresh new oil. The incorrect oil type may be selected in the setup menu. The sensor may not be calibrated for the oil type. See oil type chart in instruction document 8197316. If issue continues contact a FAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E73</td>
<td>TPM RANGE HIGH</td>
<td>The TPM reading is too high for a valid OQS reading. Dispose the oil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E74</td>
<td>OQS ERROR</td>
<td>The OQS has an internal error. If issue continues contact a FAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E75</td>
<td>OQS AIR ERROR</td>
<td>The OQS is detecting air in the oil. Check the O-rings and check/tighten prescreen filter to ensure no air is entering the OQS sensor. If issue continues contact a FAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E76</td>
<td>OQS ERROR</td>
<td>The OQS sensor has a communication error. Check connections to the OQS sensor. Power cycle the entire fryer battery. If issue continues contact a FAS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.5 Component Check

The M4000 controller has a function to check the major components and their status.

With the controller soft powered OFF, press the HOME button. Select Service, Service, Enter 9000, Select Tech Modes, and scroll down and select Component Check.

The component name is above each button. The status of the component is below the function. Pressing the button will change the status of the function to what is stated on the button. If the button is shaded that function is not available unless that function is enabled (such as bulk). The JIB reset button and Waste Tank full only displays the status of the switch.

Pressing the home button to exit the function will display driving valves to ensure all valves return to home state. Once completed the controller will display FILL VAT FROM DRAIN PAN? YES NO. Press YES to ensure that any oil in the filter pan is returned to the vat.
1.6   Troubleshooting and Problem Isolation

Because it is not feasible to attempt to include in this manual every conceivable problem or trouble condition that might be encountered, this section is intended to provide technicians with a general knowledge of the broad problem categories associated with this equipment, and the probable causes of each. With this knowledge, the technician should be able to isolate and correct any problem encountered.

Problems you are likely to encounter can be grouped into six categories:

1. Heating failure
2. Improper temperature control
3. Controller or board malfunctions
4. Filtration malfunctions
5. Auto Top Off malfunctions
6. RTI malfunctions
7. Leakage

The probable causes of each category are discussed in the following sections. A series of Troubleshooting Guides is also included in each section to assist in solving some of the more common problems. The troubleshooting guides on the following pages are intended to assist service technicians in quickly isolating the probable causes of equipment malfunctions by following a logical, systematic process. An additional set of operators troubleshooting guides are contained in Chapter 7 of the BIELA14-T Series Installation and Operation Manual. It is suggested that service technicians thoroughly familiarize themselves with both sets.

1.6.1   General

Before performing any maintenance on your Frymaster fryer, disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To ensure the safe and efficient operation of the fryer and hood, the electrical plug for the 120-volt line, which powers the hood, must be fully engaged and locked in its pin and sleeve socket.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When electrical wires are disconnected, it is recommended that they be marked in such a way as to facilitate re-assembly.

1.6.2   Accessing Fryers for Servicing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DANGER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moving a fryer filled with oil may cause spilling or splattering of the hot liquid. Follow the draining instructions in section 5.3.7 in Chapter 5 of the BIELA14-T Installation and Operation Manual before attempting to relocate a fryer for servicing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Unplug the power cords.
2. Remove any attached restraining devices and relocate the fryer for service accessibility.
3. After servicing is complete, reattach restraining devices, and plug in the electrical cords. **NOTE:** To ensure the safe and efficient operation of the fryer and hood, the electrical plugs for the 100-120-volt line, which may power the hood, must be fully engaged and locked in its pin and sleeve socket.
1.7 Heating Failure

Heating failure occurs when the heating contactor fails to stay engaged and locks out. When this happens, the module sends 24 VAC through the interface board alarm circuit to the controller.

M4000 controllers display “HEATING FAILURE”.

The three primary reasons for heating failure, listed in order of probability, are problems related to:

1. Electrical power supplies
2. Electronic circuits
3. Contactor issues

PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLIES

The main indicators of this are that the fryer does not operate and there are no indicator lights illuminated on the fryer experiencing heating failure. Verify that the fryer is plugged in with connector twisted and locked and the circuit breaker for the fryer electrical supply is not tripped.

PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

If electrical power is being supplied to the fryer, the next most likely cause of heating failure is a problem in the 24 VAC circuit. Verify that the transformer is operating correctly. Refer to Section 1.7.4.

TROUBLESHOOTING THE 24 VAC CIRCUIT

Some typical causes of heating failure in this category include a defective transformer, a defective relay, a defective contactor, defective smart interface board (SiB) or defective elements.

1.7.1 Troubleshooting the 24 VAC Circuit

Prior to checking for problems associated with the 24 VAC circuit, ensure that the unit is connected to a power supply, and the controller is on and is calling for heat (heat indicator appears and displays PRE-HEAT).

NOTE: All voltage measurements must be made within 4 seconds of the unit calling for heat. If unit has an error the controller may lock out and controller must be turned off, then on to reset.

DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESSES UNPLUGGED AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.

The following processes will assist you in troubleshooting the 24 VAC circuit and ruling it out as a probable cause:

- **24 VAC is not present on the interface board J1 pin 1.**
  1. If LED's 2, 4 and 6 are *not* continually lit, the probable causes are a loose or blown fuse, failed 24 VAC transformer, or failed wiring between the transformer and interface board.

- **24 VAC is present on interface board J1 pin 1.**
  1. If 24 VAC is *not* present at the latch contactor, the probable causes are an open high-limit thermostat, a failed latch relay or a failed wire between the interface board and the latch contactor or a failed interface board.
    a. Check continuity of high-limit thermostat. If it is zero, problem is in wiring.
  2. If 24 VAC is *not* present at the heat contactor, the probable causes are a failed heat relay, latch contactor a failed latch contactor, or a failed wire between the interface board and the heat contactor, a failed optional tilt switch or a failed interface board.
  3. If LED 3 is *not* continually lit with the controller in the ON position, the probable cause is a defective latch relay.
  4. If LED 1 is *not* continually lit with the controller in the ON position and calling for heat, the probable cause is a defective heat relay.
1.7.2 Smart Interface Board (SIB)

All fryers in this series have a smart interface board (SIB) located in the component box behind the controller panel. The SIB board provides a link between the controller and the fryer's individual components without requiring excessive wiring and executes commands from one central point.

K2 is a single-pole-double throw (SPDT) relay that supplies 24VAC to the latch and heat circuits. The relays on this board are soldered to the board. If a relay fails, the board must be replaced. K1 is a single-pole-double throw (SPDT) relay that supplies voltage through the high limit switch.

The SIB LEDs (labeled LED1 through LED7) are arrayed around the board to assist in troubleshooting.

12VDC should be lit and bright at all times. If LED (2) is dim then something is pulling voltage down. Short to ground on 12VDC circuit will cause dim LED.

5VDC should be lit and bright at all times. If LED (4) is dim then something is pulling voltage down. Short to ground on 5VDC circuit will cause dim LED.

When UI is soft powered on this Latch Relay LED (3) will come on first confirming high limit is closed. The relay is a true latch circuit and when broken or turned off the heat relay will also turn off.

When UI calls for HEAT LED (1) will come on with the heat relay only after latch relay has been latched in. This LED will cycle with the call for heat.

Blinking red LED (7), (Heart Beat). This LED should be blinking and bright at all times when board is powered. The other green LED's being dim or off will cause this LED to be off.

3.3VDC LED (6) should be lit and bright at all times. If dim then something is pulling voltage down. Short to ground on 3.3VDC circuit will cause dim LED.

The chart in section 1.7.3 illustrates current flow through the board, and the table in section 1.7.4 identifies frequently used test points.
1.7.3 Full/Split Vat flow through the SIB (Smart Interface Board)

SMART INTERFACE BOARD (SIB)

J1
24VAC HIGH LIMIT 24VAC RETURN 24VAC
LATCH CONTACTOR 24VAC OUT
HEAT CONTACTOR 24VAC OUT
HOOD RELAY 12VDC

J2
TILT SWITCH (OPTIONAL)

LEFT SIB ONLY
DV LOCATOR JUMPER
DV LOCATOR JUMPER

HEAT CONTACTOR
LATCH CONTACTOR

ELECTRIC SYSTEM

HIGH LIMIT 24VAC RETURN 24VAC
HIGH LIMIT 24VAC
LATCH CONTACTOR 24VAC OUT
HEAT CONTACTOR 24VAC OUT
HOOD RELAY 12VDC

SENSORS

JUMPER 1 24VAC RETURN
DV LOCATOR JUMPER
LEFT SIB ONLY

HEAT RELAY
1.7.4 Frequently Used Test Points for SIB (Smart Interface Board)

**NOTE: DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESS UNPLUGGED AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Meter Setting</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24VAC Power to SIB</td>
<td>50VAC Scale</td>
<td>1 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>22-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12VDC Power to Controller</td>
<td>50VDC Scale</td>
<td>7 and 8 on J6</td>
<td>12-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24VAC Power to Latch Contactor</td>
<td>50VAC Scale</td>
<td>7 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>22-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24VAC Power to Heat Contactor</td>
<td>50VAC Scale</td>
<td>8 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>22-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latch Contactor Coil</td>
<td>R x 1 OHM</td>
<td>7 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>3-10 OHMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat Contactor Coil</td>
<td>R x 1 OHM</td>
<td>8 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>11-15 OHMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24VAC Power to High-Limit</td>
<td>50VAC Scale</td>
<td>3 on J1 and GROUND</td>
<td>22-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probe Resistance</td>
<td>R x 1000 OHMS</td>
<td>Disconnect and test across probe leads</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probe Isolation</td>
<td>R x 1000 OHMS</td>
<td>2 on Probe Connector and GROUND</td>
<td>***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High-Limit Continuity</td>
<td>R x 1 OHM</td>
<td>3 on J1 and 4 on J1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See Probe Resistance Chart in section 1.8.3.**

***5 mega-Ohms or greater.

1.7.5 SIB (Smart Interface Board) Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No power to SIB board</td>
<td>A. J1 connection unplugged.</td>
<td>A. Check to ensure J1 on front of SIB board is fully locked into connector.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Fuse blown.</td>
<td>B. Ensure fuse(s) located at the bottom of the control box are not blown and cap is securely tightened.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Transformer malfunction.</td>
<td>C. Check that proper voltage is present at transformer. See table in section 1.7.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D. Harness between VIB board and SIB board is shorted.</td>
<td>D. Ensure that the harness wires are not shorted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIB BOARD 1 MISSING displayed on the controller.</td>
<td>A. Loose wire connection.</td>
<td>A. Ensure the connector is securely attached to plug J6 on the SIB board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIB BOARD 2 MISSING displayed on the controller.</td>
<td>A. Loose wire connection.</td>
<td>A. Ensure all wiring harnesses are securely connected between J9 and J10 between SIB boards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIB NOT CONFIGURED displayed on the controller.</td>
<td>A. SIB board not configured</td>
<td>A. Replace the SIB board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green LED’s on SIB board are blinking or dim.</td>
<td>A. Damaged harness between J2 on the VIB board to J10 on the SIB board.</td>
<td>A. Inspect for heat damage and routing of harness close to the frypot. If damaged replace harness (8075555).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 1.7.6 SIB (Smart Interface Board) Pin Positions and Harnesses

**NOTE: DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESSES UNPLUGGED (except ATO and Temp Probes) AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>From/To</th>
<th>Harness #</th>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>From Transformer</td>
<td>8075951 Full or Right of Split 8075952 Left Split</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>24VAC Input</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>24VAC Out</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>24VAC Out</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>From High Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>24VAC Input</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>To Latch Contactor</td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>24VAC Out</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>To Heat Contactor</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>24VAC Out</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>To Hood Relay</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>12VDC Out</td>
<td>12VDC</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>Left SIB Jumper</td>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>Left SIB Jumper</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>5VDC Out</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J2</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J3</td>
<td>ATO Probe</td>
<td>8263286</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>RTD</td>
<td></td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>Controller</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>C-BUS +</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>C-BUS -</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>RS485 -</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>RS485 +</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Signal Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>12VDC</td>
<td>12VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Signal Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J7</td>
<td>C-Bus Harness</td>
<td>8075549 or 8075551</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5VDC+</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>CAN High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>CAN Low</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J8</td>
<td>C-Bus Harness or Network Resistor (pins 2 &amp; 3)</td>
<td>8075549 or 8075551 or (8075632 Resistor)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5VDC+</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>P-Bus Power Communication from SIB to VIB or between SIB’s RJ11</td>
<td>8075553</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Signal ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+12VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>P-Bus Power Communication from SIB to VIB or between SIB’s RJ11</td>
<td>8075555</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Signal ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J10</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+12VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J11</td>
<td>Cooking Probe</td>
<td>8263450</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J11</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Probe</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.7.7 Replacing Control Box Components
(Smart Interface Board (SIB), transformer, relay)

1. Perform steps 1 through 8 from section 1.9.3.
2. Remove the bezel by removing the two (2) screws on the bottom of the bezel.
3. Disconnect the cables attached to the component marking or making a note of the connectors to facilitate reconnection.
4. Remove the connecting nuts or screws attaching the component.
5. Remove the component from the box. If removing the board, be careful not to lose spacers that fit over the studs behind the board.
   NOTE: If replacing a filter relay, ensure the 24VDC relay (8074482) is used.
6. Reverse the procedure to install the replacement component. If replacing the SIB board, ensure the spacers behind the board are in place and the controller locator wire (if applicable) is attached to a stud.
7. Reverse above steps to reassemble, complete the replacement and return the fryer to service.

1.8 Improper Temperature Control

Temperature control, including the melt cycle, is a function of several interrelated components, each of which must operate correctly. The principle component is the temperature probe. Other components include the smart interface board (SIB), the controller itself, heat and latch relays, contactors and the elements.

Improper temperature control problems can be categorized into melt cycle problems and failure to control at setpoint problems.

MELT CYCLE PROBLEMS

Initiation of the melt cycle with M4000 controllers is automatic. Problems may originate from the controller itself, the temperature probe, or a malfunctioning heat relay on the SIB (Smart Interface Board) or the SIB (Smart Interface Board).

FAILURE TO CONTROL AT SETPOINT

Problems in this category may be caused by the temperature probe, the SIB (Smart Interface Board), the controller, loss of power to elements or the loss of a leg of power to the fryer.

1.8.1 Thermostats

The fryers are equipped with temperature probes located on each element (dual-vat frypots have two probes, one in each vat). In this type of thermostat, the probe resistance varies directly with the temperature. That is, as the temperature rises, so does resistance, at a rate of approximately 2 ohms for every 1° F. Circuitry in the controller monitors the probe resistance and controls element heating when the resistance exceeds or falls below programmed temperatures (set points).

The fryers are also equipped with a high-limit thermostat. If the fryer fails to properly control the oil temperature, the high-limit thermostat prevents the fryer from overheating to the flash point. The high-limit thermostat acts as a normally closed power switch that opens when exposed to temperatures above 425°F to 450°F (218°C to 232°C). The different types of high limit thermostats have different part numbers for CE and Non-CE models and are NOT interchangeable.
1.8.2 Troubleshooting the Temperature Probe

**CAUTION**

Disconnect the temperature probe from the SIB board before testing temperature probe resistances to avoid invalid readings.

Prior to checking for problems associated with the temperature probe, inspect the probe body for damage while it is still in the frypot. Remove and replace the probe if it is bent, dented, or cracked. Ensure the probe is not touching the element. Also, inspect leads for fraying, burning, breaks, and/or kinks. If found, replace the probe.

The following processes will assist you in troubleshooting the temperature probe and ruling it out as a probable cause:

*Before testing the probe, determine the temperature of the cooking oil using a thermometer or pyrometer placed at the tip of the questionable probe.*

Unplug the temperature probe from the SIB board to test the resistance of the probe.

- **If resistance through the temperature probe is not approximately equal to that given in the Probe Resistance Chart in section 1.8.3 for the corresponding temperature, the probe has failed and must be replaced.**
- **If resistance through temperature probe is approximately equal to that given in the Probe Resistance Chart for the corresponding temperature, measure the resistance through each of the previously tested pins to ground.**
  1. If resistance *is not* 5 mega-Ohms or greater in each pin, the probe has failed and must be replaced.
  2. If resistance *is* 5 mega-Ohms or greater in each pin, the probe is okay.

1.8.3 Probe Resistance Chart

**Probe Resistance Chart**

*For use with LOV™ Series fryers manufactured with Minco RTD probes only.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>F</th>
<th>OHMS</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>OHMS</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>OHMS</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>OHMS</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>F</th>
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<td>405</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1.8.4 Replacing the High-Limit Thermostat

1. Drain cooking oil below the level of the high limit thermostat using the controller "drain to pan function".
2. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply or remove fuse on bottom of associated control box and reposition it to gain access to the rear of the fryer.
3. Remove the four screws from both the left and right sides of the lower back panel.
4. Locate the high-limit that is being replaced and follow the two-black wires to the 12-pin connector C-6. Note where the leads are connected prior to removing them from the connector. Unplug the 12-pin connector C-6 and using a pin-pusher push the pins of the high-limit out of the connector.
5. Carefully unscrew the high-limit thermostat to be replaced.
6. Apply Loctite® PST56765 pipe thread sealant or equivalent to the replacement part threads and screw the replacement part into the frypot. Torque the component to 180 inch-pounds.
7. Insert the leads into the 12-pin connector C-6 (see Figure 3). For full-vat units or the left half of a dual-vat unit (as viewed from the rear of the fryer) the leads go into positions 1 and 2 of the connector. For the right half of a dual-vat unit (as viewed from the rear of the fryer), the leads go into positions 7 and 8. In either case, polarity does not matter.
8. Reconnect the 12-pin connecting plug C-6. Use wire ties to secure any loose wires.
9. Reinstall the back panels, contactor plug guards, reposition the fryer under the exhaust hood, and reconnect it to the electrical power supply to return the fryer to service.

1.8.5 Replacing the Temperature Probe

1. Drain the cooking oil to the filter pan using the controller “drain to pan function”.
2. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical supply or remove fuse on bottom of associated control box.
3. Reposition the fryer to gain access to the rear of the fryer.
4. Remove the four screws from both sides of the lower back panel. Then remove the two screws on both the left and right sides of the back of the tilt housing. Lift the tilt housing straight up to remove from the fryer.
5. Locate the red, black or yellow and white wires of the temperature probe to be replaced. Note where the leads are connected prior to removing them from the connector. Unplug the 12-pin connector C-6 and using a pin-pusher push the pins of the temperature probe out of the connector.
6. Remove the securing probe bracket and metal tie wraps that secure the probe to the element (see Figures 4 and 5). Remove the ground clip on the probe shield.
7. Gently pull on the temperature probe and grommet, pulling the wires up the rear of the fryer and through the element tube assembly.
8. Insert the replacement temperature probe (wires first) into the tube assembly ensuring that the grommet is in place. Secure the probe to the elements using the bracket which was removed in Step 6 and the metal tie wraps which were included in the replacement kit.
9. Route the probe wires out of the tube assembly following the element wires down the back of the fryer through the Heyco bushings to the 12-pin connector C-6. Secure the wires to the sheathing with wire ties. Attach the ground clip.
10. Insert the temperature probe leads into the 12-pin connector C-6 (see Figure 6). For full-vat units or the right half of a dual-vat unit (as viewed from the rear of the fryer) the red (or yellow) lead goes into position 3 and the white lead into position 4 of the connector. For the left half of a dual-vat unit (as viewed from the rear of the fryer), the red (or yellow) lead goes into position 9 and the white lead into position 10. **NOTE: Right and left refer to the fryer as viewed from the rear.**
11. Secure any loose wires with wire ties, making sure there is no interference with the movement of the springs. Rotate the elements up and down, making sure that movement is not restricted and that the wires are not pinched.
12. Reinstall the tilt housing, back panels and contactor plug guards. Reposition the fryer under the exhaust hood and reconnect it to the electrical power supply to return the fryer to service.

1.9 Controller Malfunctions

**RECOVERY TIME**

*Recovery time* – is a method of measuring a fryer’s performance. Put simply, it is the time required for the fryer to increase the oil temperature from 250ºF to 300ºF (121ºC to 149ºC). This range is used as a standard since ambient kitchen temperatures can affect the test if lower ranges are used.

The M4000 controller performs the recovery test each time the fryer warms up. An operator can view the results of the test any time the fryer is above the 300ºF (149ºC) point by pressing the ? button and then pressing the **RECOVERY** button.
when the fryer is on. The test results will be displayed in minutes and seconds. The maximum acceptable recovery time for BIELA14-T Series LOV™ electric fryers is one minute and forty seconds (1:40) for liquid shortening and three minutes (3:00) for solid shortening. If the recovery is high, check to ensure that the fryer 3-phase plugs are fully seated into the receptacle. Check to ensure that power is present across all legs of the breakers, receptacle, contactors and elements.

1.9.1 M4000 Controller Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>No Display on Controller.</strong></td>
<td>A. No power to the fryer.</td>
<td>A. If the controller cord is not plugged in, the controller will not activate. Verify controller power cord is plugged in and that circuit breaker is not tripped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Controller has failed.</td>
<td>B. Swap the controller with a controller known to be good. If controller functions, replace the controller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Damaged controller wiring harness.</td>
<td>C. Swap with a harness known to be good. If controller functions, replace the harness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D. Power supply component or SIB (Smart Interface Board) has failed.</td>
<td>D. If any component in the power supply system (including the transformer and SIB Smart Interface Board) fail, power will not be supplied to the controller and it will not function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E. Damaged harness between VIB board and SIB board.</td>
<td>E. Ensure that the wires of the harness are not shorted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller locks up.</td>
<td>Controller error.</td>
<td>Remove and restore power to the fryer (controller).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E45 RECOVERY FAULT.</td>
<td>Recovery time exceeded maximum time limit for two or more cycles.</td>
<td>Silence the alarm by pressing the check button. Check that fryer is heating properly. Maximum recovery for electric is one minute and forty seconds (1:40) for liquid shortening and three minutes (3:00) for solid shortening. See Section 1.9 for an explanation of recovery time. Reset the error code by going to: HOME -&gt; SERVICE -&gt; SERVICE -&gt;1650-&gt; TECH MODE -&gt; RESETS -&gt; RECOVERY FAULT CALL SERVICE -&gt; YES.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E61 MISCONFIGURED ENERGY TYPE.</td>
<td>Wrong energy type selected in service settings.</td>
<td>Press home button. Press Settings button. Press Service button. Enter 1650. Press Energy Type and select correct energy type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays UNABLE TO READ USB DRIVE.</td>
<td>Defective USB drive.</td>
<td>Replace USB drive with USB drive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays FILE NOT FOUND</td>
<td>Missing files on USB drive.</td>
<td>Ensure correct files are on USB drive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays SOFTWARE UPDATE CANCELLED – RESTART THE SYSTEM.</td>
<td>A. USB drive removed during software update. B. Power loss during a software update.</td>
<td>A. Restart the system and reload the software ensuring that the USB drive is not removed until prompted to do so. B. Reload the software from USB drive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTO or MAINTENANCE FILTER won’t start.</td>
<td>Temperature too low.</td>
<td>Ensure fryer is at 310F (154C) before starting AUTO or MAINTENANCE FILTER.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays SERVICE REQUIRED with the type of error.</td>
<td>An error has occurred.</td>
<td>Press YES to silence alarm. The error is displayed three times. See list of issues in section 1.4. Fix issue. The controller displays SYSTEM ERROR FIXED? YES/NO. Press YES. Controller displays ENTER CODE. Enter 1111 to clear error code. Pressing NO will allow the fryer to cook but error will be redisplayed every 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Probable Causes</td>
<td>Corrective Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
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<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 display is in wrong temperature scale (Fahrenheit or Celsius).</td>
<td>Incorrect display option programmed.</td>
<td>Press home button. Press Service button. Press Service button again. Enter 1650. Press Tech Modes. Press Toggle to Select. Press F° to C° to toggle temperature scale. Press YES to confirm. Press check to complete. Press home to exit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays VAT ID CONNECTOR NOT CONNECTED</td>
<td>Vat ID locator connector unplugged from UI or grounded position in control box. On newer UI's the Vat ID position may be incorrectly set in software setup.</td>
<td>Ensure that the vat locator connector is properly connected to UI harness and ensure that ground on harness is properly grounded to control box. On newer UI's under Service&gt;Service&gt;Tech Modes&gt;Select Vat ID, ensure Vat ID position is correctly set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays NO MENU GROUP AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION</td>
<td>All menu groups have been deleted.</td>
<td>Create a new MENU group. Once a new menu is created, add recipes to the group (see section 4.10 of the IO manual).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays CHANGE FILTER PAD.</td>
<td>Filter error has occurred, filter pad clogged, 24-hour filter pad change prompt has occurred or change filter pad was ignored on a prior prompt.</td>
<td>Change the filter pad and ensure the filter pan has been removed from the fryer for a minimum of 30 seconds. Do NOT ignore CHANGE FILTER PAD prompts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E16 HIGH LIMIT 1 EXCEEDED.</td>
<td>Frypot temperature is more than 410°F (210°C) or, in CE countries, 395°F (202°C).</td>
<td>This is an indication of a malfunction in the temperature control circuitry, including a failure of the high-limit thermostat during normal operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E17 HIGH LIMIT 2 EXCEEDED.</td>
<td>Frypot temperature is high enough to open the physical bi-metallic high limit switch or the switch has failed.</td>
<td>This is displayed when the oil temperature is above 425°F (218°C) and the high-limit thermostat has opened, halting the heating of the oil. Let the high limit cool to determine if the switch closes. Check high limit resistance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E18 HIGH LIMIT PROBLEM – DISCONNECT POWER – CALL SERVICE.</td>
<td>Failed high-limit.</td>
<td>This is displayed to indicate the high-limit has failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays HOT-HI 1.</td>
<td>Controller in high-limit test mode.</td>
<td>This is displayed only during a test of the high-limit circuit and indicates that the frypot temperature is more than 410°F (210°C) or, in CE countries, 395°F (202°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays HELP HI-2.</td>
<td>Controller in high-limit test mode.</td>
<td>This is displayed only during a test of the high-limit circuit and indicates that the high-limit has opened properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays HIGH LIMIT FAILURE DISCONNECT POWER.</td>
<td>Controller in high-limit test mode. Failed high-limit.</td>
<td>This is displayed during a test of the high limit to indicate the high-limit has failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays INSERT PAN. A. Filter pan is not fully inserted into fryer. B. Missing filter pan magnet. C. Defective filter pan switch.</td>
<td>A. Pull filter pan out and fully reinsert into fryer. B. Ensure the filter pan magnet is in place and if missing replace. C. If the filter pan magnet is fully against the switch and controller continues to display INSERT PAN, switch is possibly defective.</td>
<td>This display is normal when the fryer is first turned on while in the melt cycle mode. To bypass the melt cycle press BYPASS MELT CYCLE button next to the PREHEAT. The controller displays PREHEAT while heating to setpoint. If the display continues, the fryer is not heating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays MELT CYCLE IN PROGRESS.</td>
<td>Frypot temperature is below 180°F (82°C).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Probable Causes</td>
<td>Corrective Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays PREHEAT.</td>
<td>Frypot temperature is above 180°F (82°C).</td>
<td>This display is normal when the fryer is above 180°F (82°C) but below setpoint. If the display continues, the fryer is not heating.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| M4000 displays E13 TEMPERATURE PROBE FAILURE CALL SERVICE. | A. Problem with the temperature measuring circuitry including the probe.  
B. Bad Connection | A. This indicates a problem within the temperature measuring circuitry. Check resistance of probe, if faulty replace probe.  
B. Ensure temperature probe is connected properly to SIB board. Ensure that the connector is terminated properly. |
| M4000 displays E19 HEATING FAILURE | A. Heat or latch circuit failed.  
B. SIB failure  
C. Open high limit thermostat | A. Check the heat or latch circuit.  
B. Replace the SIB board.  
C. Ensure high limit thermostat is not open. |
| M4000 displays software for only M4000, SIB, VIB or FIB but not all boards. | Loose or damaged harness | Check that all harnesses between M4000's, SIB, VIB and FIB are secure. Check for loose or broken pins/wires. If the problem persists, swap out controller from one bank to another and cycle power on the fryer. |
| M4000 displays IS VAT FULL? YES NO. | A filter error has occurred due to dirty or clogged filter pad or paper, clogged filter pump, filter pump thermal overload, improperly installed filter pan components, worn or missing O-rings, cold oil or an actuator problem. | Follow the steps in the flowchart in section 1.10.6. |

1.9.2 M4000 Controller Functional Troubleshooting (prior to Feb 2022)

There are four (4) LED status lights on the rear of the controller which provide a quick method to verify power and touch screen functionality on the FQ4000 controller.

To verify that the FQ4000 has power and the touch screen is functional, remove the 2 screws attaching the controller to the bezel. Lower the controller to view the LED’s on the rear of the controller board. Verify that the three (3) green LED’s are illuminated which indicate that 3V, 5V and 12V power is present on the controller. These should be illuminated at all times. Pressing anywhere on the front of the touch screen will illuminate the red LED STATUS (see Figure 7). The red LED will also illuminate momentarily during power up.

![Figure 7](image)

12V from SIB  
5V from SIB  
3V from power supply on UIB  
When the touch screen is pressed, the STATUS LED illuminates RED.
1.9.3 Replacing the Controller or the Controller Wiring Harnesses

1. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply. The fuse located at the bottom of the control box can be removed to remove power from individual control boxes.
2. The controller is held in place by two screws in upper corners.
3. Remove the two screws from the upper corners of the controller.
4. Slide the controller up and it will swing open from the top.
5. The controller will slide up through the protective cage.
6. Disconnect the RJ45 cable from the SIB board first.
7. Disconnect the other cables from the connectors on the back of the controller marking their position for reassembly.
8. Disconnect the lanyard tether.
9. Remove the controller. The controller will slide up and out of the controller protector cage.

![Figure 8](image)

10. With the replacement controller face down resting in the control box, **reattach the lanyard tether FIRST.** Failure to reinstall lanyard may result in damage to the SIB board.
11. Reinstall the controller by reversing steps 1 thru 7. **NOTE: Controllers without locator plugs have two (2) USB connectors. If attaching to the USB extension on the far-left controller, attach the USB connection with the sleeve (see Figure 8a).** An intermediate RJ-45 harness (8076596) is required between the controller and the SIB board (see Figure 8b).
12. Setup the controller following the instructions in section 4.7 of the BIELA14-T Installation and Operation manual. If the controller being replaced is in the far-left position, the current date and time will need to be setup following the instruction in section 4.8 of the Installation and Operation manual. Setup **MUST** be performed prior to readdress.
13. For controllers without a locator wire, the Vat ID must be set up correctly to operate correctly and avoid a duplicate Vat ID error. See page 1-1 in this manual and go to Service>Service>1650>Tech Modes>Select Vat ID. Ensure the Vat ID is set up for correct vat ID number. Vat ID #1 is far left controller. Vat ID #2 is the next controller to the right, etc.
14. Once setup is complete on all replaced controllers, **CYCLE POWER TO ENTIRE FRYER SYSTEM.** See section 1.13 to cycle control power.
15. Check software version by pressing the information (?) button; press the down arrow; press the SW version button. The controller displays INITIALIZING. Ensure that the M4000 (UIB)/VIB/FIB/SIB/OQS software versions match the other controllers. If the software versions do not match, update the software. If a software update is necessary, follow the instructions to update the software in section 1.15.
1.10 Filtration Malfunctions

1.10.1 Built-in Filtration System Service Procedures

Most filtration problems arise from operator error. One of the most common errors is placing the filter paper/pad on the bottom of the filter pan rather than over the filter screen.

Whenever the complaint is “the pump is running, but no oil is being filtered,” check the installation of the filter paper/pad, including that the correct size is being used. While you are checking the filter paper/pad, verify that the O-rings on the filter pan suction tube are present and in good condition. Missing or worn O-rings will allow the pump to suck air and decrease its efficiency. Also check the pre-filter. A plugged pre-filter (see Figure 9) can slow the flow of oil. Use the attached wrench to open (see Figure 10) and clean the pre-filter (see Figure 11).

If the pump motor overheats, its thermal overload will trip and the motor will not start until it is reset. If the pump motor does not start, press the red reset switch located on the front of the motor. If the pump starts, something caused the motor to overheat. It may be attributed to several frypots in a large battery of fryers being filtered one after the other and the pump overheated. Letting the pump cool down for at least a half-hour is all that is required in this case. Often, the pump overheated for one of the following reasons:

- Shortening that remained in the pan after previous filtering solidified in the suction tube recess in the bottom of the pan or the suction tube, itself. Adding hot oil to the pan and waiting a few minutes will usually correct this problem. A flexible wire can be used to clean out the suction tube and the recess in the bottom of the pan. NEVER use compressed air to blow solidified shortening out of the suction tube!
- The operator attempted to filter oil that was not heated. Cold oil is thicker and causes the pump motor to work harder and overheat.

CAUTION

Ensure that filter screen is in place prior to filter pad/paper placement and filter pump operation. Improper screen placement is the primary cause of filtration system malfunction.

1.10.2 Filtration System Problem Resolution

If the motor hums but the pump does not rotate, there is a blockage in the pump. Incorrectly sized or installed paper/pad will allow food particles and sediment to pass through the filter pan and into the pump. When sediment enters the pump, the gears can bind up and cause the motor to overload, tripping the thermal overload. Solidified shortening in the pump will also cause it to seize, with similar results.

A pump seized by debris or hard shortening can usually be freed by manually moving the gears with a screwdriver or other instrument as illustrated in Figure 12. Ensure power to the pump motor is off before trying this.

1. Disconnect power to the filter system.
2. Remove the input plumbing from the pump.
3. Use a screwdriver to manually turn the gears (see Figure 12).

- Turning the pump gears backwards will release a hard particle and allow its removal.
- Turning the pump gears forward will push softer objects and solid shortening through the pump and allow free movement of the gears.
Incorrectly sized or installed filter paper/pads will also allow food particles and sediment to pass through and clog the suction tube on the bottom of the filter pan. Particles large enough to block the suction tube may indicate that the crumb tray is not being used. Pan blockage can also occur if shortening is left in the pan and allowed to solidify. Blockage removal can be accomplished by forcing the item out with an auger or drain snake. Compressed air or other pressurized gases should not be used to force out the blockage.

### 1.10.3 Filtration Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Auto/Maintenance filtration won't start. | A. Filter pan out of position.  
B. Oil level too low.  
C. Oil temperature is too low (OIL TOO COLD display).  
D. Filter relay has failed.  
E. Filter motor thermal switch is tripped.  
F. Filter in recipe setup is set to OFF (Auto only).  
G. Filter After set to "0".  
H. Filtration Lockout set to ENABLED.  
I. Error in system. | A. Ensure filter pan is fully inserted into fryer. If the controller displays a "P" the pan is not fully engaged into the pan switch.  
B. Ensure the oil level is above the top oil level sensor.  
C. Ensure the oil temperature is above 310F (154C).  
D. Replace filter relay with part number 8074482 24VDC relay if defective.  
E. Press filter motor thermal reset switch.  
F. Set Filter in recipe setup to ON.  
G. Set Filter After to 12 for full vat or 6 for split vat (Auto Filtration only).  
H. Set Filtration Lockout to DISABLED.  
I. Ensure that no error exist in system. Check error log for errors. Power cycle the fryer. |
| No power present at the FIB board | | See No Power to FIB board in section 1.11.1. |
| Fryer filters after each cook cycle. | Filter after setting incorrect. | Change or overwrite the filter after setting by re-entering the filter after value in Manager Settings, Filter Attributes in section 4.8 in the BIELA14-T IO Manual. |
| M4000 displays FILTER BUSY. | A. Another filtration cycle or filter pad change is still in process.  
B. Filter interface board has not cleared checking system. | A. Wait until the previous filtration cycle ends to start another filtration cycle or until the FIB board has reset. This may take up to one minute. Change filter pad if prompted.  
B. Wait 15 minutes and try again. If filter busy is still displayed with no activity, ensure the filter pan is empty and remove and restore ALL power to the fryer. |
| Drain valve or return valve stays open. | A. Valve Interface Board has failed.  
B. Actuator has failed.  
C. Power supply failed. | A. Ensure that the VIB and FIB board software versions are present to indicate communication.  
B. Ensure the actuator is properly connected and functioning.  
C. Ensure power supply is functioning correctly in FIB box. Check VIB for proper voltages using pin position chart in section 1.12.2. |
### Problem | Probable Causes | Corrective Action
--- | --- | ---
Filter pump won't start or pump stops during filtering. | A. Power cord is not plugged in or circuit breaker is tripped.  
B. Pump motor has overheated causing the thermal overload switch to trip.  
C. Blockage in filter pump. | A. Verify that the power cord is fully plugged in and the circuit breaker is not tripped.  
B. If the motor is too hot to touch for more than a few seconds, the thermal overload switch has probably tripped. Allow the motor to cool at least 45 minutes then press the Pump Reset Switch.  
C. Ensure filter pump is functioning properly and no blockages exist. |
M4000 displays INSERT PAN. | A. Filter pan is not fully set into fryer.  
B. Missing filter pan magnet.  
C. Defective filter pan switch. | A. Pull filter pan out and fully reinsert into fryer. Ensure controller does not display “P”.  
B. Ensure the filter pan magnet is in place and replace if missing.  
C. If the filter pan magnet is fully against the switch and controller continues to display INSERT PAN or “P”, switch is possibly defective. |
Filter Pump runs, but oil return is very slow. | A. Improperly installed or prepared filter pan components.  
B. Pre-filter screen may be clogged. | A. Remove the oil from the filter pan and replace the filter pad, ensuring that the filter screen is in place under the pad.  
Verify, if using a pad, that the rough side is facing up.  
Verify that O-rings are present and in good condition on filter pan connection fitting.  
B. Clean pre-filter screen. |

1.10.4 FIB (Filter Interface Board) Service Procedures

The controller has a service mode that allows manually opening of return and drain valves, manual operation of the filter pump motor and the ATO pump.

To access the mode, follow these steps:
1. Press the Home button.
2. Press the Service button.
3. Press the Service button again.
4. Enter 1650 and press the checkmark.
5. Press Manual Filtration button.

The controller displays the current state of the valves and pump under the titles (see Figure 13). Pressing the buttons will perform the action inside the button.

1.10.5 Manually Draining, Refilling, Filtering or Topping off using the Manual Filtration Mode

Pressing the drain button or the return button activates the drain or return valve for the associated vat. Pressing the filter pump button or ATO pump button activates the pumps. **NOTE: The pumps will not activate unless a return valve is opened to prevent deadheading of the pumps.**

Pressing the home button exits the manual filtration mode. Upon exiting the manual filtration mode, the controller will prompt to FILL VAT FROM DRAIN PAN? YES/NO to ensure no oil is left in the filter pan. Follow the prompts to ensure all oil is returned to the vat.
1.10.6 M4000 Filter Error Flowchart

This flowchart is followed in all the places where the software displays “IS VAT FULL” except Maintenance filtration. In Maintenance filtration, “IS VAT FULL” message will be in a loop, until user press YES.

This chart follows the process of clearing a filtration issue. The prompt is displayed when any of the following occur:

1. a clogged filter pad,
2. a clogged pre-filter,
3. a tripped or defective filter pump,
4. a leaky O-ring on the pick-up tube,
5. a failed drain valve/actuator, or
6. a failed return valve/actuator.

If the controller displays SERVICE REQUIRED, the fryer can be used in some cases by answering NO when the prompt for SYSTEM ERROR FIXED? YES NO is displayed. The message repeats every 15 minutes until the issue is repaired and error cleared by a technician. To clear the error, enter 1111 after answering YES when SYSTEM ERROR FIXED? YES NO is displayed.
1.10.7 Replacing the Filter Motor or Filter Pump

1. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply and reposition it to gain access to both the front and rear.
2. Remove the filter pan and lid from the unit.
3. Remove the lower back panel.
4. Disconnect the flexline running to the oil-return manifold at the rear of the fryer as well as the pump suction flexline at the end of the filter pan connection.
5. Remove the cover plate from the front of the motor and disconnect the motor wires.
6. Remove the nuts and bolts which secure the filter pump motor bridge to the rear vertical brace.
7. Remove the screws that secure the bridge to the lower rear brace.
8. Remove the nut which secures the front of the bridge to the brace.
9. Get a good grip on the bridge, carefully pull it forward off the rear brace and lower the entire assembly to the floor. Once on the floor, pull the assembly out the front of the fryer.
10. When required service has been completed, reverse steps 2-9 to reinstall the bridge.
11. Reconnect the unit to the electrical power supply and verify that the pump is functioning correctly using the functions in the filter menu (i.e., using the fill vat from pan function when engaged, the motor should start and there should be strong suction at the intake fitting and outflow at the rear flush port.)
12. When proper operation has been verified, reinstall the back panels and the filter pan and lid.
13. Reposition the fryer under the exhaust hood to return the fryer to service.

1.11 Filtration Malfunctions and Service Procedures

The FIB (Filter Interface Board) oversees and controls filtration and bulk oil functions. It receives and sends data over the CAN (Controller Area Network) to and from various sensors, boards and controllers. It activates the filtration cycle sending information to the VIB (Valve Interface Board) boards controlling when actuators should open and close.

The FIB board is located inside the box, behind the right hand door (see Figure 17). The power for the FIB board and the filter pump relay are supplied from the 24VDC power supply in the FIB box. The 24VDC power supply also provides power, which passes through the FIB board to the VIB board, to the rotary actuators. The power for the VIB board microprocessor is supplied from the SIB. The 24VAC transformer in the left component box powers the fresh oil solenoid for bulk oil.

1.11.1 Filtration Interface Board (FIB) Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No power to FIB board</td>
<td>A. J1 connection unplugged.</td>
<td>A. Check to ensure J1 on front of FIB board is fully locked into connector.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Power supply malfunction.</td>
<td>B. Check that proper voltage is present at the power supply. See table in section 1.11.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The yellow low oil reservoir indicator won't illuminate.</td>
<td>A. ATO probe issue</td>
<td>A. With ATO probe covered in oil, press the “?” button. Press the down arrow. Press Software Version. Press the down arrow and ensure actual vat temperature and ATO RTD temperature are relatively close.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Dirty ATO probe</td>
<td>B. Ensure the ATO probe is clean and sediment is not present in probe cavity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Probe connection</td>
<td>C. Ensure the ATO probe is properly connected to SIB board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Probable Causes</td>
<td>Corrective Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **M4000 displays E29 - TOP OFF PROBE FAILURE - CALL SERVICE** | A. Shorted or Open ATO RTD probe  
B. Bad Connection | A. With ATO probe covered in oil, press the “?” button. Press the down arrow. Press Software Version. Press the down arrow and ensure actual vat temperature and ATO RTD temperature are relatively close. If temperature reading is missing, unplug the ATO probe from the SIB board and check ATO probe resistance. If probe is bad, replace the probe.  
B. Ensure ATO probe is connected properly to SIB board. Ensure that the connector is terminated properly. |
| **M4000 displays E64 - FILTRATION INTERFACE BOARD FAILURE - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED - CALL SERVICE** | A. Bad Connection/Defective SUI Board  
B. FIB Board power loss  
C. FIB board failure. | A. Enter the INFO mode, and select SOFTWARE, review the FIB software status. If FIB: 00.00.000 is shown, the communication is lost between the FIB and SIB or the CAN bus is loaded down. This can be caused by a defective SUI board (if installed). Unplug the SUI board. If FIB software version returns, terminate the plug in FIB board where SUI was connected until the SUI board can be replaced.  
B. Cycle power off for 30 seconds or longer using the master power reset switch.  
C. Repeat step A to check if a software version is shown other than zeros. If zeros are still present, skip to step D.  
D. Perform an FIB 2 RESET from the SERVICE – SERVICE menu.  
E. Repeat step A to check if a software version is shown other than zeros. If zeros are still present, skip to step F.  
F. Ensure CAN connections between the SIB board on far-right vat and FIB board are secure. (Pressing the ? button shall display the FIB software version. If a software version of V00.00.000 is displayed and the FIB has power, a communication issue may be the cause.).  
G. Repeat step A to check if a software version is shown other than zeros. If zeros are still present, skip to step H.  
H. Ensure CAN connections between the SIB board vat 1 to SIB board vat 2 to SIB board vat 3 are all secure. Note: If the error is only showing on vat 1 there is a communication break between vat 1 & 2. If the error is showing up on vat 1 and 2 then the error is in between vat 2 & 3. If the error is showing on all pots there is connection issue from vat 3 or higher to the FIB board; or the board is not getting power; or the board is not operational any longer and needs to be replaced.  
I. Repeat step A to check if a software version is shown other than zeros. If zeros are still present, skip to step J. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Continued from previous page.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M4000 displays E64 - FILTRATION INTERFACE BOARD FAILURE - FILTRATION AND TOP OFF DISABLED – CALL SERVICE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>J. Review the remote logger connection at the back of the fryer if applicable and ensure the cabling to the remote monitor has not been damaged. If damaged, remove the cable and install the terminator into the wire harness connection (terminator zip tied to the cable mounting bracket).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K. If the terminator was installed, repeat steps A thru E to see if communication is reestablished. If zeros are still present in INFO - SOFTWARE-FIB, move to step L.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L. Power to the FIB board has been lost. Ensure there is correct voltage to the FIB power supply and from the FIB power supply. Restore power to the board and clear any service required errors. Replace FIB power supply. If the FIB board has a red led illuminated, power is present at the FIB board.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>M. If power is supplied at the FIB board in step L and all the other steps above still reflect the E64, then replace FIB board. After replacing the FIB board, reset the system by powering the entire battery down for 30 seconds.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.11.2 Test Points on rear of FIB Box

1.11.2.1 12-pin connector on rear of FIB (Filter Interface Board) box (C7)

Use these test points for troubleshooting.

Figure 18

1.11.2.2 Connections on rear of FIB (Filter Interface Board) box

C9 – Not used

C7 Shown above

C8 ATO Pump

C5 – to Left Component Box – Filter Pump Motor Relay

Figure 19
1.11.3  FIB (Filter Interface Board) LED’s and Test Points

Test Points
- LED 3 3.3VDC Green LED
- LED 3 5VDC Green LED
- LED 4 24VDC Green LED

Filter Interface (FIB) Board

Figure 20
### 1.11.4 FIB (Filter Interface Board) Filtration and Top-off Pin Positions and Harnesses

**NOTE:** DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESS UNPLUGGED AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>From/To</th>
<th>Harness #</th>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>J1</strong></td>
<td>Input from Power Supply</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>24VDC Input</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td>Purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>24VDC Input</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td>Purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>JIB Low Reset</td>
<td>3.3VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JIB Reset Switch</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Pump Motor +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td>Purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Pump Motor -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Filter Pump Relay</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Pan Sw Ground -</td>
<td>3.3VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td>Pan Sw +</td>
<td></td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pan Switch</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input from 24VAC Transformer</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>24VAC</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>24VAC Ret</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Waste Closed Switch</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Closed Switch +</td>
<td>3.3VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Closed Switch Ground -</td>
<td>3.3VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Waste Open Switch</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Open Switch +</td>
<td>3.3VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Open Switch Ground -</td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Filter Pump Relay Contact Signal When Pump Is On</td>
<td>8076240</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Filter Pump On Contact</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Filter Pump On Contact</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>J2</strong></td>
<td>24VDC Power Output from FIB to Far-Right VIB Board (RJ45)</td>
<td>8075810</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Power +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Power +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Power +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Power +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>J3</strong></td>
<td>C-Bus from Far-Right SIB Board (RJ11)</td>
<td>8075551</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>CAN High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>CAN Low</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>J4</strong></td>
<td>C-Bus or Network Resistor (pins 2 &amp; 3) (RJ11)</td>
<td>(8075632 resistor)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5VDC+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>CAN High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>CAN Low</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.11.5 Replacing the FIB Board, Power Supply, or optional SUI Communication Board

Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply. Locate the FIB box (see Figure 17 in section 1.11), behind the oil reservoir. Remove the cover of the FIB box to expose the power supply, FIB board and optional SUI communication board (see Figure 21). Mark and unplug any wires or harnesses. Replace the defective component and reattach all wires or harnesses. Replace the cover. Once replaced, cycle power to entire fryer system. See section 1.13 to cycle control power. Check software version and if necessary update the software. If a software update is necessary, follow the instructions to update the software in section 1.15.

Press the information (?) button; press the down arrow; press the SW version button to verify software version of the FIB. If the FIB software version is not visible, the FIB may not be connected properly.

1.11.7 Replacing the ATO or VIB (AIF) Probe

1. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply and reposition it to gain access to the rear of the fryer.
2. Remove the associated side panel, if replacing an outside probe, to gain access to probe harness.
3. Drain cooking oil below the level of the probe to be replaced.
4. Disconnect the component wires as follows:
   a. If replacing the ATO probe, disconnect them from SIB board.
   b. If replacing the VIB (AIF) probe, use a paperclip to push pins from the J1 connector on the VIB board.
5. Unscrew the probe from the frypot.
6. Apply Loctite® PST56765 pipe thread sealant or equivalent to the replacement part threads and screw the replacement part into the frypot. If replacing an ATO or VIB probe ensure the probe is flush with the side of the vat prior to tightening. Torque the component to 180 inch-pounds.
7. Reverse steps 1 through 5 to complete the procedure.
1.12 VIB (Valve Interface Board) Service Procedures

The VIB (Valve Interface Board) controls the actuators that open and close the drain and return valves. The VIB boards are located inside a protective housing under each frypot (see Figure 25).

Figure 25

![Figure 25](image1)

Figure 26

![Figure 26](image2)
# 1.12.1 VIB (Valve Interface Board) Troubleshooting

**NOTE: DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESS UNPLUGGED AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Actuator doesn't function. | A. No power to the VIB board.  
B. Actuator is unplugged.  
C. VIB/FIB board failure.  
D. Actuator voltage is incorrect.  
E. Actuator is defective. | A. Check pins 4 and 5 of J2 at the FIB board. Should read 24VDC. Check voltage on pins 4 and 5 at the other end of harness and ensure 24VDC is present. Continue to check pins 4 and 5 for 24VDC on plugs J3 and J4 on the VIB boards.  
B. Ensure the actuator is plugged into the proper connection (J7 for FV or Right DV return, J8 for Left DV return and J5 for FV or Right DV drain and J6 for Left DV drain).  
C. Check the DC voltage with the actuator plugged in on the connector of the problem actuator while trying to manually open or close an actuator. **DO NOT CHECK WITH ACTUATOR UNPLUGGED, AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR, WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.** Pins 1 (Black) and 4 (White) should read +24VDC when the actuator is opening. Pins 2 (Red) and 4 (White) should measure -24VDC when the actuator is closing. If either voltage is missing, the VIB board or FIB board is likely bad. Test the actuator by plugging into another connector. If the actuator operates, replace the VIB board.  
D. Check the DC voltage with the actuator plugged in between pin 3 (blue wire) and pin 4 (white wire). **DO NOT CHECK WITH ACTUATOR UNPLUGGED, AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR, WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.** Closed = below 0.825VDC and above 4mv. Open = Below 2.475V and above 0.825VDC. The voltage is out of tolerance and will have failure status if values are above 2.475VDC or less than 4mv.  
E. If proper voltages are present at the connector and actuator doesn't operate reset power to the fryer. If it still doesn't operate, replace the actuator. |
| Actuator functions on wrong vat or wrong valve. | A. Actuator plugged into wrong connector. | A. Ensure the actuator is plugged into correct connection (J7 for FV or Right DV return, J8 for Left DV return and J5 for FV or Right DV drain and J6 for Left DV drain). |
## 1.12.2 VIB (Valve Interface Board) Actuator Board Pin Positions and Harnesses

**NOTE:** DO NOT CHECK WITH HARNESSES UNPLUGGED AS SHORTING THE PINS MAY OCCUR WHICH WILL DAMAGE THE BOARD.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>From/To</th>
<th>Harness PN</th>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>VIB (AIF) Probes</td>
<td>1087136 Full VIB 1087137 Split VIB 8263287 VIB (AIF) Probe Only</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Right VIB Probe Ground</td>
<td>Ohm</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Right VIB Probe</td>
<td></td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Left VIB Probe Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Left VIB Probe</td>
<td></td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ground</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Ground</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ground</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Ground</td>
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<td>11</td>
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<td>12</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td>24VDC +</td>
<td>24VDC</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>J2</td>
<td>P-Bus Power Communication from SIB (RJ11)</td>
<td>8075555</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Modbus RS485 A</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Signal ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>P-BUS power</td>
<td>+12VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J3</td>
<td>24VDC Power Input between VIB Boards (RJ45)</td>
<td>8075810</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Ground</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J4</td>
<td>24VDC Power Output between VIB Boards (RJ45)</td>
<td>8075810</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J5</td>
<td>FV (Right) Drain</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Drain + (Open)</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Drain – (Closed)</td>
<td>-24VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Drain Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J6</td>
<td>DV (Left) Drain</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Drain + (Open)</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Drain – (Closed)</td>
<td>-24VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Drain Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J7</td>
<td>FV (Right) Return</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Ret + (Open)</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ret – (Closed)</td>
<td>-24VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ret Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J8</td>
<td>DV (Left) Return</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ret + (Open)</td>
<td>+24VDC</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ret – (Closed)</td>
<td>-24VDC</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ret Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.12.3 Replacing a VIB (Valve Interface Board)
Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply. Locate the VIB (valve interface board) to be replaced under a frypot. Mark and unplug the harnesses. The VIB assembly is held in place with one screw (see Figure 27). Remove the screw and the assembly drops down (see Figure 28) and the tab slides out of the bracket attached to the frypot (see Figure 29). Reverse steps to reassemble, ensuring that the new VIB assembly slides into the slot in the bracket. Once complete, **CYCLE POWER TO ENTIRE FRYER SYSTEM.** See section 1.13 to cycle control power. Check software version number and if necessary update the software. If a software update is necessary, follow the instructions to update the software in section 1.15.

![Figure 27](image)
![Figure 28](image)
![Figure 29](image)

1.12.4 Replacing a Rotary Actuator
Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply. Locate the actuator to be replaced and mark and unplug the actuator. The actuators are held in place by two Allen screws (see Figure 30). Loosen the Allen screws. Remove the actuator from the valve stem. Align the actuator with the valve stem and attach the new actuator. Tighten the two Allen screws ensuring they are not overtightened, which can strip out the housing. Reconnect power and test the actuator.

**NOTE:** Rotary actuators have two different part numbers which are also color coded (blue and black), which are mirror images of each other that corresponds to their mounting position.

1.13 Control Power Switch
The control power switch is a rocker switch, located on the front of the left control box above the USB port (see Figure 31), that controls all power to all the controllers and boards in the fryer. It is necessary to power cycle all power after replacing any controller or board and after any setup change. Turn off the switch for **thirty (30) seconds** when cycling the control power to ensure power has sufficiently drained from boards.

1.14 Leakage
Leakage of the frypot will usually be due to improperly sealed high-limit thermostats, RTD’s, and drain/return fittings. When installed or replaced, each of these components must be sealed with Loctite® PST56765 sealant or equivalent to prevent leakage. In very rare cases, a leak may develop along one of the welded edges of the frypot. When this occurs, the frypot must be replaced.

If the sides or ends of the frypot are coated with oil, the most probable cause is spillage over the top of the frypot rather than leakage.

The clamps on the rubber boots that hold the drain tube sections together may loosen over time as the tubes expand and contract with heating and cooling during use. Also, the boot itself may be damaged. If the section of drain tube connected to the drain valve is removed for any reason, ensure that its rubber and clamps are in good condition and properly fitted around the drain tube when it is reinstalled. Also, check to ensure that the drain tube runs downward from the drain along its entire length and has no low points where oil may accumulate.
1.15 Loading and Updating Software Procedures

Updating the software takes approximately 30 minutes for the entire fryer. Ensure the store has enough product cooked while updating the fryers. **It is critical to follow ALL these steps to ensure a successful software update.** The menu file only needs to be loaded if the menu file is corrupt.

1. Switch all controllers to OFF. Press the information (?) button; press the down arrow; press the SW version button. The controller displays INITIALIZING. Write down the current M4000 (UIB)/VIB/ FIB/SIB software versions.
2. On the **far-left** controller press the HOME button.
3. Press the SERVICE button.
4. Press the SERVICE button again.
5. Enter 1650 and press the checkmark button.
6. Press the TECH MODES button.
7. Press the down arrow.
8. Press the SOFTWARE UPGRADE button.
9. Controller displays INSERT USB.
10. Open the far-left cabinet door and slide the USB cover up (see Figure 32).
11. Insert the USB flash drive (see Figure 33).
12. The controller displays IS USB INSERTED? YES NO
13. Press the YES button after the USB flash drive is inserted.
14. Controller displays READING FILE FROM USB. PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE USB WHILE READING.
15. Controller displays READING COMPLETED, PLEASE REMOVE USB.
16. Remove the USB flash drive and lower cover over the USB slot.
17. Press the YES button after the USB flash drive is removed.
18. Controller displays CONFIRM CONTROLLERS AVAILABLE FOR UPGRADE VIB, SIB, FIB AND UIB.
19. Press the YES button to continue or NO to exit.
20. Controller displays UIB/VIB/SIB/FIB – DATA TRANSFER IN PROGRESS, WILL COMPLETE IN X MINUTES for each board.
21. Controller displays UIB/VIB/SIB/FIB – UPGRADE IN PROGRESS, WILL COMPLETE IN X MINUTES for each board.
22. When the software update is complete, the controller will display UPGRADE COMPLETE? YES on **the far LEFT controller**.
23. Press the YES button.
24. The controller displays UPGRADE COMPLETED, POWER CYCLE THE SYSTEM.

**WAIT UNTIL ALL CONTROLLERS DISPLAY THAT THE SOFTWARE UPGRADE IS COMPLETE BEFORE POWER CYCLING THE FRYER, TO ALLOW FOR THE SOFTWARE TO PROPERLY LOAD. FAILURE TO WAIT, MAY CORRUPT THE MEMORY AND RENDER THE CONTROLLER INOPERABLE.**

25. Cycle the fryer control power using the switch on the front of the left contactor box (see Figure 34). **ENSURE THE SWITCH IS TURNED OFF FOR 60 SECONDS.**
26. While the fryer is rebooting some controllers may take up to 10 minutes to reboot as the software is loading.
27. Once all controllers have returned to the power standby switch, go to the next step.
28. **VERIFY** software update by pressing the information (?) button; press the down arrow; press the SW version button. The controller displays INITIALIZING. Ensure that the M4000(UIB)/VIB/FIB/SIB software versions have updated.

Software Versions should match current M4000 software on the website at [http://www.frymaster.com/Service#Software](http://www.frymaster.com/Service#Software)
29. Press the home button.
30. Press the CREW MODE button.
31. The software update is complete.

Follow the steps below to update the Menu file. The menu file only needs to be loaded if the menu file is corrupt.

NOTE: This will overwrite any current product menu items and their settings. This may require reentering any limited time offering products cook times, temperatures, etc. and reassigning products to their locations on the touch screen controller.

1. Switch all controllers to OFF.
2. Press the HOME button.
3. Press the SERVICE button.
4. Press the MANAGER button.
5. Enter 4321.
6. Press the check button.
7. Press the USB - MENU OPERATION button.
8. Press the COPY MENU FROM USB TO FRYER button.
9. The controller displays INSERT USB.
10. Open the far-left cabinet door and slide the USB cover up (see Figure 33).
11. Insert the USB flash drive (see Figure 49).
12. The controller displays IS USB INSERTED? YES NO
13. Press the YES button after the USB flash drive is inserted.
14. Controller displays READING FILE FROM USB. PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE USB WHILE READING.
15. Controller displays UI – UI DATA TRANSFER IN PROGRESS changing to MENU UPGRADE IN PROCESS.
16. Controller displays UPGRADE COMPLETE?
17. Press YES
18. Controller displays MENU UPGRADE COMPLETED, REMOVE THE USB AND RESTART THE ENTIRE BATTERY.
19. Remove the USB flash drive and lower cover over the USB slot.
20. Press the YES button after the USB flash drive is removed.
21. Cycle the fryer control power using the reset switch located under the USB slot (see Figure 34).
22. ENSURE THE SWITCH IS PRESSED AND HELD FOR 60 SECONDS.
23. Products may need reassigned to their locations and any limited time offerings products may need to be reentered into each controller.

Reprogram any Limited Time Offer (LTO's) in the controllers that may have been overwritten during the update.

FINALLY reset the power ONE FINAL time.

32. Cycle the fryer control power using the reset switch under the USB slot (see Figure 34). ENSURE THE SWITCH IS PRESSED AND HELD FOR 60 SECONDS.
1.16 Replacing Fryer Components
1.16.1 Replacing Contactor Box Components

1. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply.
2. Relocate the fryer if necessary.
3. If replacing the hood relay remove the left side of the fryer.
4. Locate the contactor box.
5. Remove the two screws securing the cover of the contactor box cover from the contactor box (see Figure 35).
6. Remove the cover to expose the interior of the contactor box (see Figure 36).
7. The contactors and relays are held on by threaded pin studs so that only removal of the nut is required to replace the component.
8. Replace the component(s) marking the wires to ease reassembly.
9. After performing necessary service, reverse steps to return the fryer to complete installation and return to operation.

1.16.2 Replacing a Heating Element

1. Perform steps 1-4 of section 1.8.5, Replacing the Temperature Probe.
2. Disconnect the 12-pin connector C-6 wire harness containing the probe wiring, attached to the element that is being replaced. Locate the red, black, (or yellow) and white wires of the temperature probe to be replaced. Note where the leads are connected prior to removing them from the connector.
3. Using a pin pusher, disconnect the probe wires from the 12-pin connector.
4. In the rear of the fryer disconnect the 6-pin connector for the left element (as viewed from the front of the fryer) or the 9-pin connector for the right element attached to the contactor box. Press in on the tabs on each side of the connector while pulling outward on the free end to extend the connector and release the element leads (see Figure 37). Pull the leads out of the connector and out of the wire sleeving.
5. Raise the element to the full up position and support the elements.
6. Remove the hex head screws and nuts that secure the element to the tube assembly and pull the element out of the frypot. NOTE: The nuts inside the tube can be held and removed using the RE element tube nut spanner, PN# 2304028. Full-vat elements consist of two dual-vat elements clamped together. For full-vat units, remove the element clamps before removing the nuts and screws that secure the element to the tube assembly.
7. If applicable, recover the probe bracket and probe from the element being replaced and install them on the replacement element. Install the replacement element in the frypot, securing it with the nuts and screws removed in Step 6 to the tube assembly. Ensure the gasket is between the tube and element assembly.
8. Route the element leads through the element tube assembly and into the wire sleeving to prevent chafing. Ensure that the wire sleeving is routed back through the Heyco bushing, keeping it clear from the lift springs (see photos below). Also ensure that the wire sleeving extends into the tube assembly to protect the edge of the tube assembly from chafing the wires. Press the pins into the connector in accordance with the diagram below and close the connector to lock the leads in place. **NOTE:** It is critical that the wires be routed through the sleeving to prevent chafing.

**Full vat element wire routing**

Pull the element wires through the bushings on either side of the frypot and down the back. Element wires should be routed to the right of the ATO temperature probe on the back wall of the frypot.

**Dual vat element wire routing**

Pull the element wires through the bushings on either side of the frypot and down the back. Element wires should be routed to the center of the frypot between the ATO temperature probes.
Element grounding and wire routing
To ground the element wires, use the hole in the frypot frame located under the bushing that the element wires pass through. Using a screw through the ground wires ring terminal, connect it to the frypot using the probe ground clip. Use a tie wrap to tie up half of the element wires after the wires are pulled through the bushing. Do not pull tie wrap tight, leave some slack in it about one inch in diameter to allow some movement.

9. Reconnect the element connector ensuring that the latches lock.
10. Insert the temperature probe leads into the 12-pin wiring harness connector (see Figure 42). For full-vat units or the right half of a dual-vat unit, the red lead goes into position 3 and the white into position 4. For the left half of a dual-vat unit, the red lead goes into position 9 and the white into position 10. **NOTE:** Right and left refer to the fryer as viewed from the rear.

![Figure 41](image)

**Figure 41**

![Probe Lead Positions](image)

**Figure 42**

10. Reconnect the 12-pin connector of the wiring harness disconnected in Step 2.
11. Lower the element to the full down position.
12. Reinstall the tilt housing, back panels and contactor plug guard. Reposition the fryer under the exhaust hood and reconnect it to the electrical power supply.

1.16.3 Replacing a Frypot

1. Drain the frypot into the filter pan or, if replacing a frypot over the filter system, into a McDonald's Shortening Disposal Unit (MSDU) or other appropriate METAL container. If replacing a frypot over the filter system, remove the filter pan and lid from the unit.

**DANGER**

**DO NOT** drain more than one full frypot or two split frypots into the MSDU at one time.

2. Disconnect the fryer from the electrical power supply and reposition it to gain access to both the front and rear.
3. Remove the two screws from the upper corners of the controller. Lift up to clear the screen guards and allow the controller to swing down.
4. Unplug the wiring harnesses and ground wires from the backs of the controllers.
5. Disconnect the lanyard and remove the controller.
6. Remove the bezel by removing the left screw and loosening the right screw on the bottom of the bezel.
7. Disconnect the cables attached to the components marking or making a note of the connectors to facilitate reconnection.
8. Remove the tilt housing and back panels from the fryer. The tilt housing must be removed first to remove the upper back panel.
9. To remove the tilt housing, remove the hex-head screws from the rear edge of the housing. The housing can be lifted straight up and off the fryer.
10. Remove the control panel by removing the screw in the center and the nuts on both sides.
11. Loosen the component boxes by removing the screws, which secure them in the cabinet.
12. Dismount the top cap by removing the nuts at each end that secure it to the cabinetry.
13. Remove the hex head screw that secures the front of the frypot to the cabinet cross brace.
14. Remove the top-connecting strip that covers the joint with the adjacent frypot.
15. Unscrew the nut located on the front of each section of drain tube and remove the tube assembly from the fryer.
16. Remove the actuators from the drain and return valves and disconnect the wiring.
17. Disconnect any auto filtration probes and auto top off sensors and wiring.
18. At the rear of the fryer, unplug the 12-pin connector C-6 and, using a pin pusher, disconnect the high-limit thermostat leads. Disconnect any other probe wiring.
19. Disconnect the oil return flexline(s).
20. Raise the elements to the “up” position and disconnect the element springs.
21. Remove the machine screws and nuts that secure the element tube assembly to the frypot. Carefully lift the element assembly from the frypot and secure it to the cross brace on the rear of the fryer with wire ties or tape.
22. Carefully lift the frypot from the fryer and place it upside down on a stable work surface.
23. Recover the drain valve(s), oil return flexline connection fitting(s), actuators, VIB (AIF) boards and high-limit thermostat(s) from the frypot. Clean the threads and apply Loctite™ PST 567 or equivalent sealant to the threads of the recovered parts and install them in the replacement frypot.
24. Carefully lower the replacement frypot into the fryer. Reinstall the hex head screw removed in step 11 to attach the frypot to the fryer.
25. Position the element tube assembly in the frypot and reinstall the machine screws and nuts removed in step 19.
26. Reconnect the oil return flexlines to the frypot, and replace aluminum tape, if necessary, to secure heater strips to the flexlines.
27. Insert the high-limit thermostat leads disconnected in step 18 (see illustration on page 1-14 for pin positions).
28. Reconnect the actuators, ensuring the correct position of the drain and return valves.
29. Reconnect the auto filtration and auto top off probes.
30. Reinstall the drain tube assembly.
31. Reinstall the top connecting strips, top cap, tilt housing and back panels.
32. Reinstall controllers in the control panel frame and reconnect the wiring harnesses and ground wires.
33. Reposition the fryer under the exhaust hood and reconnect it to the electrical power supply.

1.17 Wiring Diagrams
See 8197343 McDonald’s BIELA14-T Series Gen III LOV Electric Wiring Diagrams Manual
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